

Group Critical Illness Claim Form

Send to the Life Department Claim Office, Critical Illness Team, P.O. Box 14334 Lexington, KY 40512 Customer Service: (800) 268-2525 Fax: (610) 807-2999

Documents can be returned electronically at www.guardianlife.com/forms. Select the "Benefits through work" option and click the "Secure Channel' link to send your private information.

EMPLOYEE SECTION		N To avo	To avoid delays, please fill in the identifying claim information on each page.			
1. Employe	ee's Name:	1		2. Plan Number:	3. Date of Birth:	4. Member ID:
5. Gender: Male Female	6. Marital Status:	7. Mailing Add				8.Preferred Telephone Number:
DEDENDE	NT SECTION	Email address	7	E THE CLAIM IS EOD A DE	DENDENT	
DEPENDENT SECTION COMPLETE THIS SECTION IF THE CLAIM IS FOR A DEPENDENT. 9. Dependent's Name: 10. Dependent's P					Preferred Telephone Number:	
11. Date of	Birth:		12. Gender: Male Female	13. Marital Status:	'	
CLAIM INI	FORMATIC	N SECTION				
15. Please list the condition for which you are claiming a benefit (see page 2). 16. On what date did the symptoms first appear						symptoms first appear?
If additional	space is nee	eded for questic	ons 17-21, please atta	ch a separate sheet of pape	r.	
					18. Insured's date of death, if applicable:	
Name of ho	•	trace talanhana	e and fax numbers of		Discharged://	_
19. Name, C	omplete auc	iress, telepriorie	e and tax numbers of	ranniy priysician.		
20. Names	, complete a	ddresses, telep	hone and fax number	s of physicians and hospitals	that treated the insured for	this illness or injury:
				the past? Yes No rax numbers of physicians where	Dates of prior treatment: ho previously treated the ins	
22 Lauthor	ize any nhy	reician medica	I practitioner hospita	al clinic other health facilit	v consumer reporting age	encies, the Medical Information
Bureau, insi The Guardia derived fron the informat release any or organizat may further	urance or rei an Life Insur in providers of ion obtained information ions perform authorize. I	insurance company of health care re I by this authori obtained to any hing business o know that I ma	pany, or employer to or of America or its le- egarding my medical ization to determine endance or person or organization or r legal services in conty y request and received	release any and all medical gal representatives. Medical history, mental or physical of eligibility for insurance or eligon except to reinsurance connection with my application	and non-medical information information means all infocondition, or treatment. I ungibility for benefits under an impanies, the Medical Information, claim, or as may be lawfurth. I agree that a photocopy	on about me in its possession to irmation in the possession of or iderstand that Guardian will use existing plan. Guardian will not mation Bureau, or other persons illy required or permitted, or as I of this authorization shall be as
statement of material the to exceed f	of claim con ereto, comn ive thousan	itaining any ma nits a fraudule nd dollars and	aterially false inform nt insurance act, wh the stated value of	ation, or conceals for the plich is a crime. In New Yor	ourpose of misleading, inf <u>k</u> the person shall also be olation. In California, any	application for insurance or formation concerning any fact e subject to a civil penalty not person who knowingly files a
				THE WARNING FOR THE ARE CLAIMING A BENEFIT		ESIDE AND FOR THE STATE
				S tax reporting purposes. Yerecord other than that pertain		will not be used or disclosed to
Signature of employee or Power of Attorney (attach Power of Attorney papers if applicable)					Date	
If a depende	ent claim, sig	nature of adult	dependent or Power	of Attorney (attach Power of	Attorney papers if applicabl	e) Date

GG-016218 (2/21)

PLEASE CHECK CONDITION FOR WHICH YOU ARE CLAIMING A BENEFIT.

Please attach pertinent medical records including but not limited to progress notes, test results, admit/discharge summaries and operative report.

CONDITION	CHILDHOOD CONDITIONS				
☐ Invasive Cancer	☐ Cerebral Palsy				
☐ Cancer in Situ	☐ Cleft lip/palate				
☐ Benign Brain Tumor	☐ Club Foot				
☐ Skin Cancer	☐ Cystic Fibrosis				
☐ Cancer Vaccine	☐ Down's Syndrome				
☐ Coronary Artery Bypass Graft (CABG)	☐ Muscular Dystrophy				
☐ Heart Attack	☐ Spina Bifida				
☐ Kidney Failure	☐ Type 1 Diabetes				
☐ Organ Transplant					
☐ Major Organ Failure					
☐ Heart Failure					
☐ Stroke (A completed MRS form from the physician is required. This can be found on Guardian Anytime/Forms.)					
☐ Infectious/Contagious Disease					
☐ Coronary Arteriosclerosis					
☐ Addison's Disease					
☐ ALS (Lou Gehrig's Disease)					
☐ Alzheimer's					
☐ Coma					
☐ Huntington's Disease					
☐ Loss of Speech, Sight or Hearing					
☐ Multiple Sclerosis					
☐ Parkinson's Disease					
☐ Permanent Paralysis					
☐ Severe Burns					
Not all benefits may be available under your plan. Please refer to your certificate of coverage for specific benefits available under your plan.					

Fraud Warning Statements

The laws of several states require the following statements to appear on the claim form:

Alabama: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution, fines, or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof.

Alaska: A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arkansas, West Virginia: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form: Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut, Iowa, Nebraska and Oregon: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application of insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime, and may also be subject to civil penalties.

Delaware, Indiana and Oklahoma: WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with the intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits, if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Idaho: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Kansas: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person, files an application of insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, may be guilty of insurance fraud as determined by a court of law.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Louisiana and Texas: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinements in state prison.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment or a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties or denial of insurance benefits.

Maine, Tennessee and Washington: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefit.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Minnesota: A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in N.H. Rev. Stat. Ann. § 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio: Any person who with intent to defraud or knowing that he/she is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application, or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is quilty of insurance fraud.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Rhode Island: Any person who knowingly and willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly and willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Vermont: It is a crime for any person knowingly to provide material false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company, for any person knowingly to provide material false, incomplete, or misleading information concerning the sale of insurance or the status of an insurer, or for any person to misappropriate the funds of an insured or an applicant for insurance. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits.

Virginia: It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits.