

WHAT IS AN FSA?

An FSA is an account that allows you to set aside money, before taxes, to use on eligible health care and dependent care expenses. You elect how much you want to contribute, and your

TWO KINDS OF FSAS AND THEIR ELIGIBLE EXPENSES

Health Care FSA

For eligible health care services and items for you, spouse and dependents.

- Prescriptions
- Over-the-counter items and medicines*
- Co-payments
- Dental care, orthodontia
- Vision care, eye surgery
- Therapies

Dependent Care FSA

money for expenses.

For eligible child and adult dependent care expenses.

employer deducts the amount from

your paychecks for the plan year. Since

you use pretax dollars you lower your

taxable income, and you use tax-free

- Before- and after-school programs
- Day care and nursery schools
- Preschool
- Dependent adult day care
- Transportation provided
- by care provider

These are just a few of the many services and items people use everyday. Complete lists of eligible expenses are provided on **www.enrollwithtag.com**.

 * A doctor's prescription is no longer required for over-the-counter drugs and medicines in order to be FSA eligible.

HOW TO USE YOUR FUNDS

We wants to make using your FSA as easy and convenient as possible. That's why we offer you choices.



FSA DEBIT CARD. Use it instead of cash at most medical providers and pharmacies.



REIMBURSEMENT REQUEST. File a claim online, by fax or mail for reimbursement.



MOBILE APP. Use our mobile website to view your account information.



SIMPLE & EASY DOWNLOAD THE **"TAG Benefit Center"** APP TODAY!



CONTACT A TAG REPRESENTATIVE:



BY PHONE: (877) 506-1660

BY EMAIL: support@enrollwithtag.com

www.enrollwithtag.com

WHAT ELSE YOU SHOULD KNOW

Q. When can I use my funds?

- A. Health Care FSAs are fully funded at the start of your plan year for immediate use. Dependent Care FSAs require that the funds are contributed before they can be used.
- **Q.** Who regulates the use of FSAs?
- **A**. FSAs are regulated by the IRS, who determines what expenses are eligible. Most FSA purchases can be verified automatically but you may be asked to submit documentation. Always ask for an itemized receipt and save all receipts.

ESTIMATE YOUR SAVINGS

How much you save depends on how much you spend on health and dependent care, and on your tax situation. For every \$100 of eligible expenses, most people will save up to \$40 in taxes. To estimate your expenses and see for yourself how your savings can add up, use the savings calculator at www.enrollwithtag.com

SIGN UP

Your employer will give you details on when and how to sign up. To use the savings calculator designed to help you decide how much to contribute, visit: www.enrollwithtag.com

Be sure to estimate your expenses as accurately as possible because funds remaining in your account at your plan's deadline are forfeited per IRS regulations.

After you have signed up, be sure to create an online account. It's easy and lets you manage your account any time!

HEALTH CARE FSA	EXAMPLE	YOUR ESTIMATE
Prescription drugs	\$225	
Doctor visits	\$80	
Annual dental plan deductible	\$50	
Dental fillings and crowns	\$185	
Orthodontia (braces)	\$1,800	
Prescription glasses	\$100	
Prescribed over-the-counter products ¹	\$60	
Suggested plan year election ²	= \$2,500	=
Taxes (40%³)	x 0.40	
Estimated savings ²	= \$1,000	=

QUESTIONS

Helpful tips, guides and FAQs are available online at www.enrollwithtag.com. The Advantage Group professionals also are standing by to help you. Just Call 1 (877) 506-1660

NOTES: 1 Requires a doctor's prescription

- 2 Your employer determines the maximum annual amount you can contribute for your plan, which cannot exceed \$3,050, effective 1/1/2023, per IRS rules. Confirm with your employer or check your summary plan description for the maximum annual contribution limit allowed for your plan.
- 3 Tax savings amounts are examples provided for illustrative purposes only. They are based on federal, state, and FICA (Social Security) taxes that you do not have to pay through payroll deductions on amounts used to fund your account. Your actual savings may vary depending on your marginal income tax rate, whether you pay state income taxes, and other factors. Some states do not recognize tax exclusions for FSA contributions.