



Hunt and Sons Inc

Non-California Employees

Short Term Disability Insurance



How does it work?

If a covered illness or injury keeps you from working, Short Term Disability Insurance replaces part of your income while you recover. As long as you remain disabled, you can receive payments for up to 25 weeks.

You're generally considered disabled if you're unable to do important parts of your job — and your income suffers as a result.

Why is this coverage so valuable?

You can use the money however you choose. It can help you pay for your rent or mortgage, groceries, out-of-pocket medical expenses and more.

Non-California Employees

**Since our founding in 1848,
Unum has been a leader in the
employee benefits business.**

Innovation, integrity and an unwavering
commitment to our customers has helped us become
a global leader in financial protection benefits.



Consider your expenses

Utilities	\$
Housing	\$
Groceries	\$
Transportation	\$
Child care/Elder care	\$
Medical/Personal care	\$
Education	\$
Insurance	\$

How much coverage can I get?

You*

You are eligible for coverage if you are an active employee in the United States working a minimum of 30 hours per week.

You can receive up to \$1,000 a week. You can cover up to 60% of your weekly income.

*See the Legal Disclosures for more information.

If you don't sign up now but decide to apply later, you may have to answer health questions.

Elimination period (EP)

This is the number of days that must pass between your first day of a covered disability and the day you can begin to receive your disability benefits.

Your benefits would begin after you become disabled for 7 days.

Benefit duration (BD)

The maximum number of weeks you can receive benefits while you're disabled. You have a 25 week benefit duration.

Disability benefits worksheet

1

Calculate your maximum available weekly benefit

\$_____

Enter your annual earnings

÷ 52 = \$_____

Your weekly earnings

x 60% =

(Max % of income covered)

\$_____

Max weekly benefit available (if the amount exceeds the plan max of \$1,000, enter \$1,000.)

2

Choose your weekly benefit amount and calculate your cost per paycheck

\$_____

Choose your weekly benefit amount up to \$1,000

÷ \$10 = \$_____

x \$_____

Your rate (see table)

= \$_____

Your monthly cost

x 12 = \$_____

Your annual cost

÷ _____

Number of paychecks per year

= \$_____

Cost per paycheck

Age	Rates
15-24	\$0.478
25-29	\$0.762
30-34	\$0.970
35-39	\$0.854
40-44	\$0.838
45-49	\$0.988
50-54	\$1.286
55-59	\$1.430
60-64	\$1.824
65+	\$2.264

Exclusions and Limitations

Active employee

You are considered in active employment, if on the day you apply for coverage, you are being paid regularly by your employer for the required minimum hours each week and you are performing the material and substantial duties of your regular occupation.

Delayed effective date of coverage

Insurance coverage will be delayed if you are not an active employee because of an injury, sickness, temporary layoff, or leave of absence on the date that insurance would otherwise become effective.

Definition of disability

You are considered totally disabled when, as a result of sickness or injury, you are unable to perform with reasonable continuity the substantial and material acts necessary to pursue your usual occupation in the usual and customary way.

You are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled, but while actually working in your usual occupation, a sickness or injury keeps you from earning 80% or more of your indexed weekly pre-disability earnings.

You are considered partially disabled when you are not totally disabled, but while actually working in your usual occupation, a sickness or injury keeps you from earning 80% or more of your indexed weekly pre-disability earnings.

You must be under the regular care of a physician in order to be considered disabled.

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, constitute disability.

'Substantial and material acts' means the important tasks, functions and operations generally required by employers from those engaged in your usual occupation that cannot be reasonably omitted or modified.

Deductible sources of income

Your disability benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income and any earnings you have while disabled. Deductible sources of income may include such items as disability income or other amounts you receive or are entitled to receive under workers' compensation or similar occupational benefit laws; state compulsory benefit laws; automobile liability and no fault insurance; legal judgments and settlements; certain retirement plans; salary continuation or sick leave plans, if applicable; other group or association disability programs or insurance; and amounts you or your family receive or are entitled to receive from Social Security or similar governmental programs.

Here's an example of how the benefit may be reduced by deductible sources of income:

Weekly pre-disability earnings: \$1,000
Short term disability benefit percentage: x 60%
Unreduced maximum benefit: \$600
Less Social Security disability benefit per week: -\$300
Less state disability income benefit per week: -\$100
Weekly short term disability benefit: \$200

Exclusions and limitations

Your plan does not cover any disabilities caused by or resulting from:

- Intentionally self-inflicted injuries;
- Active participation in a riot or felony;
- War, declared or undeclared or any act of war;
- Pre-existing conditions within the first 12 months of active coverage
- Any occupational injury or sickness (this will not apply to a partner or sole proprietor who cannot be covered by law under workers' compensation or any similar law);

The loss of a professional or occupational license or certification does not, in itself, constitute disability.

Termination of coverage

Your coverage under the policy ends on the earliest of the following:

- The date the policy or plan is cancelled
- The date you no longer are in an eligible group
- The date your eligible group is no longer covered
- The last day of the period for which you made any required contributions
- The last day you are in active employment except as provided under the covered layoff or leave of absence provision.

Unum will provide coverage for a payable claim that occurs while you are covered under the policy or plan. This information is not intended to be a complete description of the insurance coverage available. The policy or its provisions may vary or be unavailable in some states. The policy has exclusions and limitations which may affect any benefits payable. For complete details of coverage and availability, please refer to Policy Form C.FP-1 et al., or contact your Unum representative.

Underwritten by: Unum Life Insurance Company of America, Portland, Maine

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