SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

Policyholder: PLM Lender Services, Inc.

Policy Number: 11570-001

Policy Effective Date: October 1, 2008

Policy Anniversary: September 1, 2013

Date of Issue: April 30, 2015

Policy Amendment Effective Date: May 1, 2015

This Policy is delivered in California and is subject to the laws of that jurisdiction. Premiums are due and payable monthly on the first day of each month. Policy anniversaries will be annual beginning on October 1, 2009. Effective September 1, 2012, Policy anniversaries will be annual beginning on September 1, 2013.

Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada (Sun Life) agrees to pay the benefits in accordance with all provisions provided by this Policy for Employee Life and Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance. This Policy is issued in consideration of the Application of the Policyholder, a copy of which is attached, and continued payment of premiums by the Policyholder. The following pages including any Riders, Endorsements or Amendments are a part of this Policy.

For the purpose of effective dates and termination dates under this Policy, all days begin at 12:00 midnight and end at 11:59:59pm.

Signed at Sun Life's U.S. Headquarters, One Sun Life Executive Park, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481.

Dean A. Connor

President and Chief Executive Officer

READ YOUR POLICY CAREFULLY

Group Term Insurance Policy

Non-Participating



NOTICE TO POLICYHOLDER

THIS NOTICE IS TO ADVISE YOU THAT SHOULD YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS OR COMPLAINTS REGARDING YOUR SUN LIFE GROUP INSURANCE PLAN, YOU SHOULD CONTACT YOUR SALES REPRESENTATIVE OR YOU MAY CONTACT THE FOLLOWING:

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA ATTN: CUSTOMER RELATIONS, SC3216 PO BOX 9133 WELLESLEY HILLS, MA 02481 (800) 247-6875

ALSO AVAILABLE TO YOU IS
THE CONSUMER SERVICES DIVISION OF THE CALIFORNIA INSURANCE DEPARTMENT
300 SOUTH SPRING STREET, SOUTH TOWER, 11TH FLOOR, LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90013
(800) 927-4357

THE INSURANCE DEPARTMENT SHOULD BE CONTACTED ONLY AFTER DISCUSSIONS WITH THE INSURER HAVE FAILED TO PRODUCE A SATISFACTORY RESOLUTION TO THE PROBLEM

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Section I Schedule of Benefits

ELIGIBLE CLASSES

All United States Employees working in the United States scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week.

WAITING PERIOD

Until the first of the month following 60 days of employment

Section I Schedule of Benefits

EMPLOYEE LIFE AND ACCIDENTAL DEATH AND DISMEMBERMENT INSURANCE

CLASSIFICATION

1 All Eligible Employees

CLASS	LIFE	AD&D
1	\$50,000	\$50,000

An Employee's amount of Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance shown in the Schedule will reduce to 50% when he attains age 70.

An Employee's Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance terminates at the Employee's retirement.

Section I Schedule of Benefits

CONTRIBUTIONS

Employees will not contribute to the cost of their Employee Life and Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance.

INITIAL MONTHLY PREMIUM RATES

Employee Life Insurance

Refer to Attachment A

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

Refer to Attachment A

The initial monthly premium rates are guaranteed until September 30, 2010, unless otherwise specified in Section VIII, Premiums. See Section VIII, Premiums for more information.

Section II Definitions

In this section Sun Life defines some basic terms needed to understand this Policy. All male terms include the female term, unless stated otherwise.

For purposes of this Policy:

Actively at Work means that an Employee performs all the regular duties of his job for a full work day scheduled by the Employer at the Employer's normal place of business or a site where the Employer's business requires the Employee to travel

An Employee is considered Actively at Work on any day that is not his regular scheduled work day (e.g. vacation or holiday), provided the Employee was Actively at Work on his immediately preceding scheduled work day and the Employee:

- is not hospital confined; or
- is not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

An Employee is considered Actively at Work if he usually performs the regular duties of his job at his home, provided the Employee can perform all the regular duties of his job for a full work day and could do so at the Employee's normal place of business if required to do so, and the Employee:

- is not hospital confined; or
- is not disabled due to an injury or sickness.

Application means the document pertaining to the plan of insurance applied for by the Policyholder. This document is attached to this Policy.

Certificate means a written booklet prepared by Sun Life which includes any Riders, Endorsements or Amendments, containing a summary of:

- 1. the insurance benefits an Employee is entitled to;
- 2. to whom the benefits are payable; and
- 3. any limitations, exclusions or requirements that may apply.

Eligibility Date means the date or dates an Employee in an Eligible Class becomes eligible for insurance under this Policy. Classes eligible for insurance are shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits.

Employee means a person who is employed by the Employer within the United States, scheduled to work at least the number of hours shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits, and paid regular earnings. If the Employee is working on a temporary assignment outside of the United States for a period of 12 months or less, the Employee will be deemed to be working within the United States. If the Employee is working outside of the United States for more than 12 months or other than on a temporary assignment, the Employee will not be considered an Employee under this Policy unless Sun Life approves the Employee in writing.

Employer means PLM Lender Services, Inc. and includes any Subsidiary or Affiliated company named in the Application.

Evidence of Insurability means a statement or proof of an Employee's medical history upon which acceptance for insurance will be determined by Sun Life.

Grace Period means the 60 days following a premium due date.

Hospital or Institution means a facility licensed to provide full-time medical care and treatment under the direction of a full-time staff of licensed physicians.

Injury means bodily impairment resulting directly from an accident and independently of all other causes. Any Injury must occur and any disability must begin while the Employee is insured under this Policy.

Section II Definitions

Non-Contributory Insurance means insurance for which the premium is paid entirely by the Employer.

Physician means an individual who is operating within the scope of his license and is either:

- 1. licensed to practice medicine and prescribe and administer drugs or to perform surgery; or
- 2. legally qualified as a medical practitioner and required to be recognized, under this Policy for insurance purposes, according to the insurance regulations of the governing jurisdiction.

The Physician cannot be the Employee, his spouse or the parents, brothers, sisters or children of the Employee or his spouse.

Policyholder means the entity to whom the Policy is issued.

Pregnancy means childbirth, miscarriage, abortion or any disease resulting from or aggravated by the pregnancy.

Retirement Plan means a program which provides retirement benefits to Employees and is not funded wholly by Employee contributions. The term will not include a 401(k) plan, a 403(b) plan, a profit sharing plan, a thrift plan, an individual retirement account (IRA), a tax sheltered annuity (TSA), a stock ownership plan, or a nonqualified plan of deferred compensation.

Employer's Retirement Plan will include any Retirement Plan:

- 1. which is part of any federal, state, county, municipal or association retirement system; and
- 2. the Employee is eligible for as a result of employment with the Employer.

Sickness means illness, disease or pregnancy. Any disability, because of Sickness, must begin while the Employee is insured under this Policy.

U.S. Headquarters means Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, Wellesley Hills, MA 02481.

Waiting Period means the length of time immediately before an Employee's Eligibility Date during which he must be employed in an Eligible Class. Any period of time prior to the Policy Effective Date the Employee was Actively at Work for the Employer as a full-time or part-time Employee will count towards completion of the Waiting Period. The Waiting Period is shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits.

Section II Definitions

The following Definitions are applicable to Life Insurance

Beneficiary means the person (other than the Employer) who is entitled to receive death benefit proceeds as they become due under this Policy. A Beneficiary must be named by the Employee on a form acceptable to Sun Life and executed by the Employee.

Retirement means the first of the following to occur:

- 1. the effective date of the Employee's retirement benefits under:
 - a. any plan of a federal, state, county, municipal or an association retirement system which the Employee is eligible as a result of his employment with the Employer;
 - b. any Retirement Plan the Employer sponsors; or
 - c. any Retirement Plan to which the Employer:
 - i. makes contributions to; or
 - ii has made contributions
- 2. the effective date of the Employee's retirement benefits under the Social Security Act or any similar plan or act. However, if the Employee meets the definition of Employee and is receiving retirement benefits under the Social Security Act or similar plan or act, the Employee will not be considered retired.

Terminally III or Terminal Illness means an Employee's Sickness or physical condition that is certified by a Physician to reasonably be expected to result in death within twelve months or less.

Total Disability or Totally Disabled for purposes of determining eligibility for Waiver of Premium means an Employee, because of Injury or Sickness, is unable to perform the material and substantial duties of any occupation for which he is or becomes reasonably qualified for by education, training or experience.

Section II Definitions

The following 1	Definitions are	e applicable to A	Accidental Death	and Dismen	ıberment Insurance

Accidental Bodily Injury means bodily harm caused by an accident which is sustained directly and independently of all other causes.

AD&D means Accidental Death and Dismemberment.

Section III Eligibility and Effective Dates

A. Eligible Classes

The class(es) eligible for insurance are shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits.

B. Eligibility Date

An Employee in an Eligible Class will be eligible for insurance on the latest of the following dates:

- 1. October 1, 2008; or
- 2. the first day of the month following the date the Employee completes the Waiting Period.

If a former Employee is rehired by the Employer within 6 months of his termination date, all past periods of employment during which the Employee was Actively at Work with the Employer will count towards completion of the Waiting Period. The Employee's Eligibility Date will be the later of the date he is rehired or the day after completion of the Waiting Period.

If a former Employee is rehired by the Employer 6 months or later after his termination date, the Employee's Eligibility Date will be the day after he completes a new Waiting Period.

C. Effective Date of Insurance

An Employee will be insured, subject to the Delayed Effective Date of Insurance, on his Eligibility Date.

Delayed Effective Date of Insurance

The Effective Date of any initial, increased or additional insurance will be delayed for an Employee if he is not Actively at Work. The initial, increased or additional insurance will become effective on the date the Employee returns to an Actively at Work status.

Refusal of Coverage

If an eligible Employee declines his insurance, or terminates his insurance in writing while continuing to be eligible, the Employee will become insured after he applies for insurance and Evidence of Insurability is approved by Sun Life.

Changes in Insurance

Changes in an Employee's amount of insurance will take effect immediately upon the date of change.

However, any increase in insurance will be subject to the Delayed Effective Date of Insurance provision.

Employee Life Insurance

Death Benefit

If Sun Life receives Notice and Proof of Claim that an Employee dies while insured, then Sun Life will pay the amount of Life Insurance in force on the Employee's date of death.

The amount of Life Insurance is the Employee's amount of insurance as determined in Section I, Schedule of Benefits.

The amount of Life Insurance is subject to any age reductions or terminations shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits.

If a former Employee had converted his Life Insurance under the Conversion Privilege of this Policy, his amount of Life Insurance will be reduced by the amount of any insurance remaining in force under that individual policy.

Waiver of Premium Provision

Total Disabilities that begin before age 70

If Sun Life receives Notice and Proof of Claim that an Employee becomes Totally Disabled:

- while insured; and
- before his 70th birthday; and
- before his retirement:

the amount of Life Insurance will continue for that Employee:

- from the date of Total Disability without further payment of premiums for Total Disabilities that begin before age 65;
- from the date of Total Disability without further payment of premiums for a period of one year for Total Disabilities that begin on or after age 65.

The Employee must apply for Waiver of Premium no later than 12 months after the Employee ceases to be Actively at Work. Proof of Claim is required no later than 15 months after the Employee ceases to be Actively at Work. Sun Life may require periodic proof of the continuance of Total Disability.

All amounts of life insurance under this Waiver of Premium Provision are subject to the same Policy terms and conditions including subsequent reductions and terminations at specified ages and/or at retirement as would have been applicable had the Employee not been Totally Disabled. This amount will be further reduced by the amount of any individual policy issued to the Employee pursuant to the Conversion Privilege of this Policy unless that individual policy is exchanged for a full refund of premiums paid.

Sun Life has the right to designate a Physician to examine the Employee when and as often as may be reasonably required.

The Waiver of Premium for an Employee ceases on the earliest of:

- the date he ceases to be Totally Disabled.
- the date he fails to furnish any required Proof that he continues to be Totally Disabled.
- the date he fails to submit to any required Examinations.
- any period the Employee is not under the regular and continuing care of a Physician providing appropriate treatment by means of examination and testing in accordance with the disabling condition.
- the date he retires.
- the date he attains age 65 or 12 months, whichever is later, for Total Disabilities beginning before age 65.
- the first anniversary of the beginning of Total Disability for Total Disabilities beginning on or after age 65.

Employee Life Insurance

An Employee is deemed to be retired when he receives any compensation from a Retirement Plan of the Employer or when the Employee attains age 70, whichever occurs first.

An Employee's rights to continued benefits pursuant to this Waiver of Premium Provision are determined on the date Total Disability begins. These rights are subject to the terms of this Policy and will not be affected by subsequent amendment or termination of this Waiver of Premium Provision.

Accelerated Benefit

Sun Life will pay an Accelerated Benefit to the Employee at the Employee's request, if Sun Life receives satisfactory proof of the Employee's Terminal Illness.

To be eligible for the Accelerated Benefit an Employee must:

(Applicable to Employees employed on or before October 1, 2008)

- have been Actively at Work on October 1, 2008 and insured under the Life Insurance Benefit Provision for at least 60 days. Any period of time the Employee was insured for similar benefits under the previous insurer's group life policy will be used to satisfy this requirement;

(Applicable to Employees employed after October 1, 2008)

- have been insured under the Life Insurance Benefit Provision for at least 60 days;

(Applicable to All Employees)

- be certified as Terminally III with a life expectancy of twelve months or less;
- submit a written request to Sun Life while the Employee's Life Insurance is in force;
- be insured for at least \$20,000 of Life Insurance;
- have a signed acknowledgment and agreement to pay the Accelerated Benefit from any applicable absolute assignee, irrevocable beneficiary, or former spouse if the former spouse was required to be the beneficiary as part of a divorce decree.

Sun Life may confirm the diagnosis of a Terminal Illness with a medical examination performed by a Physician of Sun Life's choice

The Accelerated Benefit is an amount up to 75% of the applicable amount of Life Insurance in force as of the date Sun Life receives a written request to provide an Accelerated Benefit.

The Accelerated Benefit will be paid as a single lump sum. The maximum amount of the Accelerated Benefit is \$500,000. The minimum amount of the Accelerated Benefit that can be requested is \$10,000. The Accelerated Benefit may be elected only once during the lifetime of the Employee.

If the Employee has received accelerated life insurance benefits under any other group insurance policy, that Employee is precluded from receiving up to that amount from Sun Life, as an Accelerated Benefit or as a Death Benefit.

If an Employee receives an Accelerated Benefit payment, the amount of Life Insurance remaining in force will be reduced by an amount equal to the Accelerated Benefit paid. The remaining amount of life insurance is subject to the same Policy terms and conditions including subsequent reductions and terminations at specified ages and/or at retirement as would have been applicable had the Employee not received an Accelerated Benefit.

Employee Life Insurance

If the Employee is eligible for Waiver of Premium, the amount of life insurance remaining in force on which premiums are waived will be based on the reduced amount of life insurance.

If the Employee subsequently converts his amount of life insurance, the amount eligible for conversion will be based on the reduced amount of life insurance.

Conversion Privilege

Benefit

- 1. If all or part of an Employee's Life Insurance ceases or reduces due to:
 - termination of his employment; or
 - termination of his membership in an Eligible Class; or
 - the Employee's retirement; or
 - the Employee reaching a specified age; or
 - the Employee changing to a different Eligible Class; or
 - termination of the Employee's Waiver of Premium continuation; or
 - the Employee's continuation period ending during layoff or an approved leave of absence;

then the Employee may apply for an individual policy on his own life up to the amount that ceased. If the amount of Life Insurance that ceased is \$10,000 or more, the minimum amount of the individual policy must be \$10,000.

- 2. If the Employee has been continuously insured for five or more years under this Policy's Life Benefit Provision and all or part of the Employee's Life Insurance ceases or reduces due to:
 - reduction of the amount of Life Insurance in an Eligible Class by an amendment to the Life Insurance Benefit Provision; or
 - termination of the Life Insurance Benefit Provision; or
 - termination of this Policy; or
 - termination of an Eligible Class by an amendment to the Life Insurance Benefit Provision;

then the Employee may apply for an individual policy on his own life. The maximum amount of the policy will be the lesser of:

- \$2,000; or
- the amount that ceased, reduced by the amount of any life insurance the Employee is eligible for under any group policy within 31 days after his Life Insurance ceased.

The Employee will be issued an individual policy without Evidence of Insurability.

Application for the Individual Policy

- 1. written application must be made to Sun Life along with payment of the first premium, within the 31 day period (the 31 day conversion period) following the date the insurance ceases or reduces. If the Employee is not given notice of this conversion privilege within 15 days following the date his insurance ceases or reduces, the Employee shall have an additional 25 days to exercise this conversion privilege. In no event will this conversion privilege be extended beyond 60 days following the 31 day conversion period.
- 2. the individual policy may be any plan of permanent life insurance available for conversion by Sun Life at the attained age and amount requested, but without disability or other supplemental benefits.
- 3. the premium will be the rate Sun Life charges for the standard class of risk and age to which the Employee belongs on the effective date of the individual policy.
- 4. the effective date of the individual policy will be the day after the 31 day conversion period.

Employee Life Insurance

Death Within 31 Days

If the Employee dies during the 31 day conversion period, a benefit will be paid upon receipt of Notice and Proof of Claim, whether or not application for the individual policy or payment of the first premium has been made. The benefit is the amount of Life Insurance the Employee would have been eligible to convert.

Employee Life Insurance

Continuity of Coverage

In order to prevent loss of coverage for an Employee when this Policy replaces a group Life policy the Employer had in force with another insurer immediately prior to October 1, 2008, Sun Life will provide the following coverage.

Employees not Actively at Work on October 1, 2008

An Employee may become insured under this Policy on October 1, 2008, subject to all of the following conditions:

- 1. he was insured under the prior insurer's group Life policy immediately prior to October 1, 2008; and
- 2. he is not Actively at Work on October 1, 2008; and
- 3. he is a member of an Eligible Class under this Policy; and
- 4. premiums for the Employee are paid up to date; and
- 5. he is not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group Life policy.

Any Life benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- the Life benefit payable under this Policy; or
- the Life benefit payable under the prior insurer's group Life policy had it remained in force.

All other provisions of Sun Life's Policy will apply.

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

If Sun Life receives Notice and Proof of Claim that an Employee:

- dies from accidental drowning while insured; or
- sustains an Accidental Bodily Injury while insured, which results in loss of life, sight or limb within 365 days of the date of that injury; or
- sustains a loss of life, sight or limb within 365 days due to an accidental exposure to the elements while insured;

Sun Life will pay, subject to the Exclusions, the following percentage of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits that was in force on the date of the Accidental Bodily Injury for the following losses:

Life	100%
Sight of one eye	50%
One limb	50%
Speech and hearing	100%
Speech or hearing	50%
Thumb and index finger of the same hand	25%
Quadriplegia	100%
Paraplegia	75%
Hemiplegia	50%

The maximum amount of Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit payable for losses resulting from any one accident is 100%.

Loss of limb means severance of hand or foot at or above the wrist or ankle joint. Loss of sight, speech or hearing must be total and irrecoverable. Loss of thumb and index finger means severance through or above the metacarpophalangeal joints.

Quadriplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of both upper and lower limbs. Paraplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of both lower limbs. Hemiplegia means the total and permanent paralysis of the upper and lower limbs on one side of the body.

Business Travel Benefit

Sun Life will pay an additional Business Travel Benefit if an Employee's loss of life occurs while traveling on business for the Employer.

The Business Travel Benefit is the lesser of:

- \$25,000: or
- 25% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable.

Business Travel means traveling to another location to conduct the Employer's business other than the Employee's normal workplace. Business Travel starts from the time the Employee leaves his place of residence to commence the Employer's

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

business until the Employee returns to his place of residence. Business Travel does not include personal deviations; nor Employee vacations.

Personal Deviation means an activity that is not reasonably related to the Employer's business and not incidental to the business trip.

An Employee's place of residence will change to the location of the Business Travel if an Employee's stay at that location exceeds 60 days.

Seat Belt/Air Bag Benefit

Sun Life will pay an additional Seat Belt/Air Bag Benefit if an Employee dies as a result of an automobile accident and an Accidental Death Benefit is payable under this Policy.

Seat Belt Benefit

The Seat Belt Benefit is payable if the Employee was wearing a seat belt at the time of the accident.

The Seat Belt Benefit is 25% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$25,000, whichever is less.

Sun Life must receive satisfactory written proof that the Employee's death resulted from an automobile accident and that the Employee was wearing a seat belt at the time of the accident. A copy of the police report is required.

Air Bag Benefit

The Air Bag Benefit is payable if a Seat Belt Benefit is payable and the Employee was positioned in a seat protected by a Supplemental Restraint System which inflated on impact.

The Air Bag Benefit is 10% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$5,000, whichever is less.

Sun Life must receive satisfactory written proof that the Employee's death resulted from an automobile accident and that the Supplemental Restraint System properly inflated. A copy of the police report is required.

Seat Belt means a properly installed seat belt, lap and shoulder restraint, or other restraint approved by the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration.

Supplemental Restraint System means a factory installed air bag which inflates for added protection to the head and chest areas.

Automobile means a motor vehicle licensed for use on public highways.

Helmet Benefit

Sun Life will pay an additional Helmet Benefit if an Employee dies as a result of a Motorcycle accident and an Accidental Death Benefit is payable under this Policy.

The Helmet Benefit is payable if the Employee was wearing a Helmet at the time of the accident and the driver of the Motorcycle held a valid drivers license with a Motorcycle endorsement.

The Helmet Benefit is 50% of the amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable or \$25,000, whichever is less.

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

Sun Life must receive satisfactory written proof that the Employee's death resulted from a Motorcycle accident and that the Employee was wearing a Helmet at the time of the accident. A copy of the police report is required.

Helmet means a protective head covering made of a hard material to resist impact and which is approved by the American National Safety Institute (ANSI) and/or Snell.

Motorcycle means a motor vehicle licensed for use on public highways which requires a Motorcycle endorsement on a drivers license to operate the vehicle.

Disappearance

Sun Life will presume, subject to no objective evidence to the contrary, that an Employee is dead and has died as a result of an Accidental Bodily Injury if:

- 1. an Employee disappears as a result of an accidental wrecking, sinking or disappearance of a conveyance in which the Employee was known to be a passenger; and
- 2. the body of the Employee is not found within 365 days after the date of the conveyance's disappearance.

Bereavement Counseling Benefit

If an Accidental Death Benefit is payable, Sun Life will pay a Bereavement Counseling Benefit during an Employee's Immediate Family Member's period of bereavement for up to 12 months after an Employee's death.

The Bereavement Counseling Benefit equals the Immediate Family Member's incurred expenses reduced by any reimbursement the Immediate Family Member receives from other sources.

The Maximum Bereavement Counseling Benefit payable is \$250 per Immediate Family Member, to a maximum of \$1,000 per Employee's death.

Immediate Family Member means an Employee, an Employee's spouse or an Employee's child under age 19 or age 23 if a full-time student.

Written Proof of the actual out of pocket counseling expenses incurred must be submitted to Sun Life prior to payment.

Dependent Education Benefit

If an Employee Accidental Death Benefit is payable under this Policy, an Employee's Dependent may be eligible for a Dependent Education Benefit.

A Dependent Child is eligible for an Education Benefit if the Dependent Child enrolls as a full-time student at a post-secondary school before reaching age 24 and within 1 year after the Employee's date of death.

The annual Dependent Child's Education Benefit is the lesser of:

- Incurred Expenses: or
- \$2,500; or
- 5% of the Employee's amount of Accidental Death Benefit payable.

The Dependent Child Education Benefit is payable at the end of each semester per dependent child, for a maximum of four consecutive years per child. Proof of the child's enrollment and Incurred Expenses are required each semester prior to payment of the benefit.

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

Incurred Expenses include tuition, fees, cost of books, room and board, transportation and any other costs paid directly to the school.

A Dependent Spouse is eligible for an Education Benefit if the Dependent Spouse enrolls in any school for the purpose of retraining or developing skills needed for employment within 1 year after the Employee's date of death.

The Dependent Spouse's Education Benefit is equal to the expenses paid directly to such school or \$3,000 whichever is less. Proof of enrollment and expenses are required prior to payment of the benefit.

Exclusions

No Accidental Death or Accidental Dismemberment payment will be made for a loss which is due to or results from:

- suicide while sane or insane.
- intentionally self-inflicted injuries.
- bodily or mental infirmity or disease of any kind, or infection unless due to an accidental cut or wound.
- committing or attempting to commit an assault, felony or other criminal act.
- active participation in a war (declared or undeclared) or active duty in any armed service during a time of war.
- active participation in a riot, rebellion, or insurrection.
- injury sustained from any aviation activities, other than riding as a fare-paying passenger.
- the Employee's voluntary use of any controlled substance as defined in Title II of the Comprehensive Drug Abuse Prevention and Control Act of 1970, as now or hereafter amended, unless administered on the advice of a Physician.
- the Employee's operation of any motorized vehicle while intoxicated. Intoxicated means the minimum blood alcohol level required to be considered operating an automobile under the influence of alcohol in the jurisdiction where the accident occurred. For the purposes of this Exclusion, "Motorized Vehicle" includes, but is not limited to, automobiles, motorcycles, boats and snowmobiles.

Employee Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance

Continuity of Coverage

In order to prevent loss of coverage for an Employee when this Policy replaces a group AD&D policy the Employer had in force with another insurer immediately prior to October 1, 2008, Sun Life will provide the following coverage.

Employees not Actively at Work on October 1, 2008

An Employee may become insured under this Policy on October 1, 2008, subject to all of the following conditions:

- 1. he was insured under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy immediately prior to October 1, 2008; and
- 2. he is not Actively at Work on October 1, 2008; and
- 3. he is a member of an Eligible Class under this Policy; and
- 4. premiums for the Employee are paid up to date; and
- 5. he is not receiving or eligible to receive benefits under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy.

Any AD&D benefit payable will be the lesser of:

- the AD&D benefit payable under this Policy; or
- the AD&D benefit payable under the prior insurer's group AD&D policy had it remained in force.

All other provisions of Sun Life's Policy will apply.

Section V **Termination Provisions**

Termination of Employee's Insurance

An Employee will cease to be insured on the earliest of the following dates:

- the date this Policy terminates.
- the date the Employee is no longer in an Eligible Class.
- the date the Employee's Class is no longer included for insurance.
- the last day for which any required premium has been paid.
- the date the Employee retires.
- the date employment terminates. Ceasing to be Actively at Work will be deemed termination of employment, except:
 - a. insurance will be continued for an Employee absent due to a disability during any period the premium is being waived under this Policy.
 - b. the Policyholder may continue the insurance by paying the required premiums, subject to the following:
 - i. insurance may be continued for up to 1 month after the Employee has been temporarily laid off.
 - ii. insurance may be continued for up to 1 month after the Employee has been given an approved leave of absence.
 - iii. insurance may be continued for up to 3 months of the Employee's paid vacation.
 - iv. For Life and Accidental Death and Dismemberment Insurance insurance may be continued for up to 12 months after an Employee is absent from work due to Injury or Sickness.

The Policyholder in all of the above situations must act so as not to discriminate unfairly among Employees in similar situations.

- the date the Employee requests, in writing, to have his insurance terminated.
- the date the Employee ceases to be Actively at Work due to a labor dispute, including any strike, work slowdown, or lockout.
- the date the Employee enters active duty in any armed service during a time of war (declared or undeclared).

While this Policy is in force, the Policyholder may continue an Employee's coverage pursuant to the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended or continue coverage pursuant to a state required continuation period (if any).

While this Policy is in force, the Policyholder may continue an Employee's coverage pursuant to the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA).

Section V Termination Provisions

Termination of Policy

This Policy will terminate for any of the following reasons:

- 1. If the Policyholder fails to pay any premium within the Grace Period, this Policy will terminate on the last day of the Grace Period.
- 2. The Policyholder may terminate this Policy by advance written notice delivered to Sun Life at least 31 days prior to the termination date. This Policy will not terminate during any period for which premium has been paid. The Policyholder will be liable to Sun Life for all premiums due and unpaid for the full period this Policy is in force.
- 3. Sun Life may terminate this Policy on any premium due date by giving written notice to the Policyholder at least 31 days in advance if:
 - a. the number of insured Employees is less than 10; or
 - b. less than 100% of the Employees eligible are insured; or
 - c. the Policyholder fails to:
 - i. furnish promptly any information Sun Life may reasonably require; or
 - ii. perform any other obligations pertaining to this Policy.
- 4. Sun Life may terminate this Policy on any Policy Anniversary by giving written notice to the Policyholder at least 60 days in advance.

Termination of this Policy may take effect on an earlier date when both the Policyholder and Sun Life agree.

Section V Termination Provisions

Termination of Benefit Provision

A Benefit Provision will terminate for any of the following reasons:

- 1. The Policyholder may terminate a Benefit Provision by advance written notice delivered to Sun Life at least 31 days prior to the termination date. The Benefit Provision will not terminate during any period for which premium has been paid. The Policyholder will be liable to Sun Life for all premiums due and unpaid for the full period that Benefit Provision is in force.
- 2. Sun Life may terminate a Benefit Provision on any premium due date by giving written notice to the Policyholder at least 31 days in advance if:
 - a. the number of insured Employees for that Benefit is less than 10; or
 - b. less than 100% of the Employees eligible are insured; or
 - c. the Policyholder fails to furnish promptly any information which Sun Life may reasonably require.
- 3. Sun Life may terminate any Benefit Provision on any Policy Anniversary by giving written notice to the Policyholder at least 60 days in advance.

Termination of a Benefit Provision may take effect on an earlier date when both the Policyholder and Sun Life agree.

Section VI General Policy Provisions

A. Entire Contract - Policy Changes

- 1. This Policy is the entire contract. It consists of:
 - a. all of the pages of the Policy;
 - b. the attached Application of the Policyholder;
 - c. each Employee's written application for insurance (Employee retains his own copy).
- 2. This Policy may be changed in whole or in part. Only an officer of Sun Life may approve a change. The approval must be in writing and endorsed on or attached to this Policy.
- 3. Any other person, including an agent, may not change this Policy or waive any part of it.

B. Incontestability

After two years from the Policy Effective Date

- 1. no misstatements, except fraudulent misstatements, made by the Policyholder or by an individual insured under the policy shall be used to:
 - a. void the policy; or
 - b. deny a claim for loss incurred; and;
- 2. no claim for loss incurred or disability shall be reduced or denied on the ground that a disease or physical condition not excluded from coverage by name or specific description effective on the date of loss had existed prior to the effective date of coverage under this Policy.

C. Physical Examination and Autopsy

- 1. Sun Life, at its own expense, has the right to examine any person, whose injury or sickness is the basis of a claim. This right may be used as often as reasonably required while a claim is pending.
- 2. Sun Life has the right, in the case of death, to request an autopsy where not prohibited by law.

D. Legal Actions

No legal action brought to recover on this Policy may start:

- 1. until 60 days after Proof of Claim has been given; nor
- 2. more than 3 years after the time Proof of Claim is required.

E. Statements

All statements made in any Application are considered representations and not warranties. No representation by:

- 1. the Policyholder in applying for this Policy will render it void unless the representation is contained in the Application; or
- 2. any Employee in applying for insurance under this Policy will be used to reduce or deny a claim unless a copy of the Employee's written application for insurance is or has been given to the Employee or the Employee's beneficiary, if any.

F. Employee's Certificate

Sun Life will provide a Certificate to the Policyholder for delivery to each Employee. The Certificate is intended to provide a brief explanation of the Policy benefits, but it does not form a part of this Policy. If the terms of a Certificate and this Policy differ, this Policy will govern.

G. Furnishing of Information - Access To Records

1. The Employer will furnish at regular intervals to Sun Life:

Section VI General Policy Provisions

- a. information relative to individuals:
 - i. who qualify to become insured;
 - ii. whose amounts of insurance change; and/or
 - iii. whose insurance terminates.
- b. any other information about this Policy that may be reasonably required.
- 2. The records which, in the opinion of Sun Life, are material to the insurance will be opened for inspection by Sun Life at any reasonable time.
- 3. Clerical error or omission will not:
 - a. deprive an individual of insurance;
 - b. affect an individual's amount of insurance; or
 - c. effect or continue an individual's insurance which otherwise would not be in force.
- 4. The Policyholder's or Employer's failure to report notice or Proof of claim in a timely manner shall not constitute clerical error.

H. Misstatement of Age

If the age of any individual was misstated the benefit payable will be the amount the individual would have been entitled to if his correct were known.

If relevant facts about any individual were not accurate:

- 1. an equitable adjustment of premium will be made; and
- 2. the true facts will be used to determine if and in what amount insurance is valid under this Policy.

If the amount of the benefit is dependent upon an individual's age, (as shown in Section I, Schedule of Benefits), the benefit will be the amount an individual would have been entitled to if his correct age was known.

If an adjustment results in a refund of premium, the refund will not exceed a period of more than 12 months. Any misstatement of facts is subject to the "Incontestability" section, above.

I. Workers' Compensation

This Policy is not in lieu of, and does not affect, any requirement for coverage by Workers' Compensation Insurance.

J. Agency

For all purposes of this Policy, the Policyholder acts on its own behalf or as an agent of the Employee. Under no circumstances will the Policyholder be deemed an agent of Sun Life.

Section VII Claim Provisions

Notice of Claim A.

1. Prior to any payment under this Policy, written Notice of Claim must be given to Sun Life:

for Death Claim - no later than 30 days after date of death.

for Life Waiver of Premium - no later than 12 months after the Employee ceases to be Actively at Work.

for Accidental Dismemberment - no later than 12 months after the Employee's date of loss.

for all other claims - no later than 12 months after the Employee's date of loss or within 12 months after the date the expense is incurred.

2. If Notice of Claim cannot be given within the applicable time period, Sun Life must be notified as soon as it is reasonably possible. In the absence of proof that it was not reasonably possible to provide timely Notice of Claim, the date of receipt of written Notice of Claim by Sun Life shall be deemed to be the date of loss or disability, for the purpose of determining eligibility for benefits and amount of any benefit payable.

В. **Claim Forms**

Upon receipt of Notice of Claim, Sun Life will furnish to the Employee such forms as are usually furnished by us for filing Proofs of loss. If such forms are not furnished within 15 days after giving of such notice, the Employee shall be deemed to have complied with the requirements of this Policy as to Proof of loss upon submitting, within the time fixed in the Policy for filing Proofs of loss, written Proof covering the occurrence, the character and the extent of the loss for which claim is made.

Proof of Claim C.

Written Proof of Claim must be given to Sun Life:

for Death Claim - no later than 90 days after date of death.

for Life Waiver of Premium - Proof of Claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 15 months after the Employee ceases to be Actively at Work.

for Accidental Dismemberment - proof of claim must be given to Sun Life no later than 15 months after the Employee's date of loss.

for all other claims - no later than 15 months after the Employee's date of loss or within 15 months from the date the expense is incurred.

If it is not possible to give Proof of Claim within these time limits, it must be given as soon as reasonably possible. Proof of Claim may not be given later than 1 year after the time Proof is otherwise required unless the individual is legally incompetent.

D. **Time of Payment of Claims**

When Sun Life receives satisfactory Proof of Claim, benefits payable under this Policy will be paid for any period for which Sun Life is liable.

Notice of Decision on Claim Ε.

Section VII Claim Provisions

- 1. A written notice of decision on a claim will be sent within a reasonable time after Sun Life receives the claim but not later than 45 days after receipt of the claim. If a decision cannot be made within 45 days after Sun Life receives the claim, Sun Life will request extensions of time as permitted under U.S. Department of Labor regulations. Any request for extension of time will specifically explain:
 - a. the standards on which entitlement to benefits is based:
 - b. the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim; and
 - c. the additional information needed to resolve those issues.
- 2. If a period of time is extended because the claimant failed to provide necessary information, the period for making the benefit determination is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to the claimant until the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information. The claimant will have 45 days to provide the specified information.

F. **Review Procedures**

If all or any part of a claim is denied, the claimant may request in writing a review of the denial within 180 days after receiving notice of denial.

The claimant may submit written comments, documents, records or other information relating to the claim for benefits, and may request free of charge copies of all documents, records and other information relevant to the claimant's claim for benefits.

Sun Life will review the claim on receipt of the written request for review, and will notify the claimant of Sun Life's decision within a reasonable time but not later than 45 days after the request has been received. If an extension of time is required to process the claim, Sun Life will notify the claimant in writing of the special circumstances requiring the extension and the date by which Sun Life expects to make a determination on review. The extension cannot exceed a period of 45 days from the end of the initial period.

If a period of time is extended because the claimant failed to provide necessary information, the period for making the decision on review is tolled from the date Sun Life sends notice of the extension to the claimant until the date on which the claimant responds to the request for additional information.

Payment of Claims G.

Benefits, other than Survivor Benefits, payable upon the death of the Employee are payable to the Beneficiary living at the time (other than the Employer). Unless otherwise specified, if more than one Beneficiary survives the Employee, all surviving Beneficiaries will share equally. If no Beneficiary is alive on the date of the Employee's death, payment will be made to the Employee's estate.

Accidental Death and Dismemberment benefits are payable as shown above unless otherwise specified in the Accidental Death and Dismemberment Benefit Section.

All other benefits payable during the lifetime of the Employee are payable to the Employee.

If a Beneficiary is a minor or is not competent, Sun Life has the right to pay up to \$1,000 to the person or institution that appears to have assumed custody and main support, until the appointed legal representative makes a formal claim. If Sun Life pays benefits in good faith to a person or institution, Sun Life will not have to pay those benefits again.

H. **Amendment or Termination of Benefit Provision**

An Employee's right to any disability benefits are determined on the date the Employee's disability begins. The right is subject to the terms of this Policy in effect on the date the disability begins and will not be affected by subsequent amendment or termination of this Policy.

Section VII Claim Provisions

I. Change of Beneficiary

If this Policy replaces existing coverage under the Employer's group life insurance plan, Employees' nominations of Beneficiaries under the plan will remain in force unless changed by the Employee. All nominations of Beneficiaries are revocable unless otherwise stated by the Employee. Any request for change of Beneficiary must be in a written form and will take effect as of the date the Employee signs and files the change with the Employer. If Sun Life has taken any action or made payment prior to receiving notice of that change, the change of Beneficiary will not affect any action or payment made by Sun Life. The consent of the Beneficiary is not required to change any Beneficiary unless the Beneficiary designation has been irrevocable.

J. Assignments

The Employee is permitted to assign all his rights under this Policy. Any assignment must be in a written form and will take effect as of the date the Employee signs and files the assignment with the Employer. Sun Life will honor an Employee's prior assignment of rights and benefits under the Employer's plan, whether or not this Policy is specified in the Assignment. If Sun Life has taken any action or made payment prior to receiving notice of that change, the assignment will not affect any action or payment made by Sun Life. Sun Life will not be responsible for the legal, tax or other effects of any assignment.

K. Methods of Payment

The Death Benefit may be payable by a method other than a lump sum. The available methods of payment will be based on the benefit options offered by Sun Life at the time of election.

Section VIII Premiums

Premium Rates Α.

Sun Life determines its initial or any subsequent monthly premium rate on the basis of the coverage being provided. After the initial monthly premium rate has been in effect until September 30, 2010. Sun Life has the right to recalculate any premium rate. However, Sun Life has the right to recalculate the initial or any subsequent monthly premium rate when any of the following occurs:

- 1 the terms of this Policy are changed, including but not limited to the Schedule of Benefits; or
- a new Division, Subsidiary or Affiliated Company of the Policyholder is added to or deleted from this Policy; 2.
- the number of Employees insured changes by 25% or more from the number of Employees insured on the 3. Policy Effective Date or the immediately preceding Policy Anniversary Date; or
- 4. one or more class(es) are added to or deleted from this Policy.

No premium rate may be increased unless Sun Life notifies the Policyholder at least 31 days in advance of the increase. Premium rate increases may take effect on an earlier date when both Sun Life and the Policyholder agree.

B. **Payment of Premiums**

- All premiums due under this Policy, including adjustments, if any, are payable by the Policyholder on or before 1. the respective due dates at Sun Life's U.S. Headquarters or at another location designated by Sun Life. The due dates are specified on the first page of this Policy.
- The premiums due under this Policy on each premium due date are based upon the premium rates in effect for 2. the benefit provided. The premium due is the sum of the monthly premiums for all insured Employees for all benefits.
- 3. Premiums payable to Sun Life will be paid in United States dollars on the premium due date.
- The premium for additional or increased insurance becoming effective during a Policy month will be charged 4. from the next premium due date.
- 5. The premium for insurance terminated during a Policy month will cease at the end of the Policy month in which such insurance terminates.
- Except for fraud, premium adjustments, refunds or charges will be made for only: 6.
 - a. the current Policy Year; and
 - b. the prior Policy Year.

Grace Period C.

The Grace Period is 60 days following a premium due date. During the Grace Period the Policy shall continue in force, unless the Policyholder has given Sun Life written notice to discontinue this Policy. In any event, premiums are payable for any period of time the Policy remains in force.

Reinstatement of Policy After Premium Default D.

- 1. If the Policyholder does not pay any premium within the required timeframe, a subsequent acceptance of premium by Sun Life or by any agent duly authorized by Sun Life to accept such premium, without requiring an application for reinstatement, shall reinstate the policy.
- 2. If, however, Sun Life or such agent requires an application for reinstatement and issues a conditional receipt for the premium paid, the policy will be reinstated upon approval of such application by Sun Life or, lacking such approval, upon the forty-fifth day following the date of such conditional receipt unless Sun Life has previously notified the Policyholder in writing of its disapproval of such application.
- 3. The reinstated policy shall cover only loss resulting from:
 - a. such accidental injury as may be sustained after the date of reinstatement; and
 - b. such sickness as may begin more than 10 days after such date.

Section VIII Premiums

4.	In all other respects, the Policyholder and Sun Life shall have the same rights thereunder as they had under the
	Policy immediately before the due date of the defaulted premium, subject to any provisions with the
	reinstatement

5.	Any premium accepted in connection with a reinstatement shall be applied to a period for which premium has no
	been previously paid, but not to any period more than 60 days prior to the date of reinstatement.